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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/691,119	10/19/2000	Tetsuo Ono	503.36911VX1	2259	
20457 75	10/03/2002				
ANTONELLI TERRY STOUT AND KRAUS SUITE 1800 1300 NORTH SEVENTEENTH STREET			EXAMI	EXAMINER	
			OLSEN, ALLAN W		
ARLINGTON, VA 22209			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1763	>	
			DATE MAILED: 10/03/2002	ے	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/691,119	ONO ET AL.			
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Allan W. Olsen	1763			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	rrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 C	<u> October 2000</u> .				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under a					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>8-16</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement				
Application Papers	r election requirement.				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	oted or b) objected to by the Exa	miner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	•	ved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		·			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. <u>09/249,292</u> .					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	* *				
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Art Unit: 1763

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-7, drawn to a method of treating a sample surface, classified in class 216, subclass 067.
- II. Claims 8-10, drawn to a method of treating a sample using a microwave plasma, classified in class 216, subclass 069.
- III. Claims 11-16, drawn to a plasma apparatus classified in class 156, subclass 345.36.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions require different means for generating a plasma.

Inventions I and III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the plasma apparatus could be used for process other than etching.

Inventions II and III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be

Art Unit: 1763

practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the plasma apparatus could be used for process other than etching.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Melvin Kraus on September 19, 2002 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of group I, claims 1-7. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 8-16 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Art Unit: 1763

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

page 20, line 7; page 26, line 20; page 37, line 22 - "10¹⁰/cm⁻³" should be --10¹⁰/cm³-- or

--10¹⁰ cm⁻³ --.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

Claim 2 is objected to because "10¹⁰/cm⁻³" should be --10¹⁰/cm³-- or --10¹⁰ cm⁻³ --.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 6 it is not clear if the gate electrode film or the oxide film is limited to thickness of 6 nm. It is not clear which film is etched. It is not clear if the ending "....and is also time modulated" is a limitation that requires the time modulation of the plasma generating power source in addition to the modulation of the bias power supply. Claim 7, by virtue of dependency, inherits the ambiguities of claim 6.

Art Unit: 1763

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 1, 2, 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by U. S. Patent 6,093,332 issued to Winniczek et al. (hereinafter, Winniczek).

Winniczek teaches a method directed to the etching of sub-micron features into substrates. The method treats a substrate with a high density plasma while applying a time modulated RF bias to the substrate. Winniczek teaches biasing with an RF frequency of greater than 100 kHz (e.g., 4 MHz). Winniczek teaches modulating the bias with a modulation frequency of between 0.1 Hz and 1000 Hz. See: column 4, lines 15-40 column 8, lines 30-45

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Winniczek as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent 5,378,311 issued to Nagayama et al. (hereinafter, Nagayama).

Art Unit: 1763

Winniczek does not teach using an etchant that is a mixture of chlorine and oxygen.

Nagayama teaches using an etchant that is a mixture of chlorine and oxygen.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use Winniczek method in conjunction with an etch process in which the etchant was a mixture of chlorine and oxygen because Winniczek teaches that modulating the bias is beneficial because of the ionic nature of a plasma. Winniczek teaches the method with respect to a generic etchant. Before mentioning a specific etchant that is used in an example Winniczek notes that the selection of a particular etchant is based upon the nature of the material being etched. Nagayama teaches etching a substrate with a chlorine and oxygen mixture and Nagayama also teaches modulating the bias.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Allan Olsen whose telephone number is 703-306-9075. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Mills, can be reached on 703-308-1633.

The examiner's Right-Fax (direct to desktop) phone number is 703-872-9684.

Alternatively, the general fax numbers for TC1700 are 703-872-9310 (non-after finals) and 703-872-9311 (after-final).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Man Obser

Allan Olsen, Ph.D. September 25, 2002